



Knowledge Bank: Year 4 History - Henry VIII and Tudor Life.

How did the actions of Henry VIII change life in Britain?

Key Vocabulary:

| | |
|------------|---|
| reign | The time a king or queen is on the throne and rules the country. |
| heir | A person who will inherit the crown after the current king or queen dies. |
| treason | A crime of betraying your country. |
| succeed/ed | The next person to be king or queen. |
| annul | To cancel a marriage. |

Images:



Key Facts:

The Tudor period was 1485 -1603 AD.
Henry VIII was King of England 1509-1547

- King Henry VIII had 6 wives:
- **Catherine of Aragon:** Divorced.
 - **Anne Boleyn:** Beheaded
 - Jane Seymour: Died after child birth.
 - **Anne of Cleves:** Divorced
 - **Catherine Howard:** Beheaded
 - **Catherine Parr:** Survived

What I should already know:

A King or Queen would make important decisions for the country.
Kings and Queens are destined through family links.
The Royal Navy is an important part of Portsmouth's history.
The Mary Rose is located at Portsmouth Historic Dock Yard.

Local History:

Henry VIII founded the first permanent Royal Navy making Portsmouth its home port .
Southsea Castle was built between 1544 and 1545 by Henry VIII.
In 1545, the Mary Rose sank in the Solent in view of Southsea Castle. It is now on display at Portsmouth Historic Dockyard.

Henry VIII grew up Catholic but established the Protestant Church of England when the Pope (leader of the Catholic church) would not let him divorce Catherine of Aragon.

Punishments were very cruel in the hope it would stop the crime from happening again.

King Henry built Southsea Castle so he could look out over the Solent at any incoming enemies and protect his fleet from a French invasion.

Stone Age
Bronze Age
Iron Age

Ancient Egypt

Ancient Greece

Romans

Saxons

Vikings

Normans

Tudors

Victorians

Titanic

WW II

3300BC

1200BC

6000BC

800BC

43AD

450

793

1066

1485

1837

1912

1939